

# RIGHTS OF RECIPIENTS OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES

## 1978 Public Act 368 and Promulgated Rules

### **Recipient rights generally.**

- (1) A recipient shall not be denied appropriate service on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, age, mental or physical handicap, marital status, sexual preference, or political beliefs.
- (2) The admission of a recipient to a treatment program or receipt of prevention services shall not result in the recipient being deprived of any rights, privileges, or benefits which are guaranteed to individuals by state or federal law or by the state or federal constitutions.
- (3) A recipient may present grievances or suggest changes in program policies and services to the program staff, to governmental officials, or to another person within or outside the program. In this process, the program shall not in any way restrain the recipient.
- (4) A recipient has the right to review, copy, or receive a summary of his or her program records, unless, in the judgment of the program director, such action will be detrimental to the recipient or to others for either of the following reasons:
  - (a) Granting the request for disclosure will cause substantial harm to the relationship between the recipient and the program or to the program's capacity to provide services in general.
  - (b) Granting the request for disclosure will cause substantial harm to the recipient.If the program director determines that such action will be detrimental, the recipient is allowed to review nondetrimental portions of the record or a summary of the nondetrimental portions of the record. If a recipient is denied the right to review all or part of his or her record, the reason for the denial shall be stated to the recipient. An explanation of what portions of the record are detrimental and for what reasons, shall be stated in the client record and shall be signed by the program director.
- (5) A program staff member shall not physically or mentally abuse or neglect or sexually abuse a recipient.
- (6) A recipient has the right to review a written fee schedule in programs where recipients are charged for services. Policies on fees and any revisions thereto shall be approved by the governing authority of the program and shall be recorded in the administrative record of the program.
- (7) A recipient is entitled to receive an explanation of his or her bill, regardless of the source of payment.
- (8) A recipient has the right to information concerning any experimental or research procedure proposed as part of his or her treatment or prevention services and has the right to refuse to participate in the experiment or research without jeopardizing his or her continuing services. A program shall comply with state and federal rules and regulations concerning research which involves human subjects.

### **Treatment programs; specific rights;**

- (1) A recipient shall participate in the development of his or her treatment plan.
- (2) A recipient has the right to refuse treatment and to be informed of the consequences of that refusal. When a refusal of treatment prevents a program from providing services according to ethical and professional standards, the relationship with the recipient may be terminated upon reasonable notice.
- (3) A recipient shall be informed if a program has a policy for discharging recipients who fail to comply with program rules and shall receive, at admission and thereafter upon request, a notification form that includes written procedures which explain all of the following:
  - (a) The types of infractions that can lead to discharge.
  - (b) Who has the authority to discharge recipients.
  - (c) How and in what situations prior notification is to be given to the recipient who is being considered for discharge.
  - (d) The mechanism for review or appeal of a discharge decision.A copy of the notification form signed by the recipient shall be maintained in the recipient's case file.
- (4) A recipient shall have the benefits, side effects, and risks associated with the use of any drugs fully explained in language which is understood by the recipient.
- (5) A recipient has the right to give prior informed consent, consistent with federal confidentiality regulations, for the use and future disposition of products of special observation and audiovisual techniques, such as 1-way vision mirrors, tape recorders, television, movies, or photographs.
- (6) Fingerprints may be taken and used in connection with treatment or research or to determine the name of a recipient only if expressed written consent has been obtained from the recipient. Fingerprints shall be kept as a separate part of the recipient's records and shall be destroyed or returned to the recipient when the fingerprints are no longer essential to treatment or research.

### **Inpatient and residential programs; specific rights.**

- (1) A recipient has the right to associate and have private communications and consultations with his or her physician and attorney.
- (2) A program shall post its policy concerning visitors in a public place.
- (3) Unless contraindicated by program policy or individual treatment plan, a recipient is allowed visits from family members, friends, and other persons of his or her choice at reasonable times, as determined by the program director or according to posted visitors' hours. A recipient shall be informed in writing of visitors' hours upon admission to the program.
- (4) To protect the privacy of all other recipients, a program director shall ensure, to the extent reasonable and possible, that the visitors of recipients will only see or have contact with the individual they have reason to visit.
- (5) A recipient has the right to be free from physical and chemical restraints, except those authorized in writing by a physician for a specified and limited time. Written policies and procedures which set forth the circumstances that require the use of restraints and which designate the program personnel responsible for applying restraints shall be approved in writing by a physician and shall be adopted by the program governing authority. Restraints may be applied in an emergency to protect the recipient from injury to self or others. The restraint shall be applied by designated staff. Such action shall be reported to a physician immediately and shall be reduced to writing in the client record within 24 hours.
- (6) A recipient has the right to be free from doing work which the program would otherwise employ someone else to do, unless the work and the rationale for its therapeutic benefit are included in program policy or in the treatment plan for the recipient.
- (7) A recipient has the right to a reasonable amount of personal storage space for clothing and other personal property. All such items shall be returned upon discharge.
- (8) A recipient has the right to deposit money, earnings, or income in his or her name in an account with a commercial financial institution. A recipient has the right to get money from the account and to spend it or use it as he or she chooses, unless restricted by program policy or by the treatment plan for the recipient. A recipient has the right to receive all money or other belongings held for him or her by the program within 24 hours of discharge.